

# DAILY GAZETTE.

VOL. 1

LAS VEGAS, N. M., TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1879.

NO. 92.

## Las Vegas Daily Gazette

J. H. BOGGER, Editor.

### PROSPECTORS PARADISE.

Rich Mines awaiting opening.

WHITE OAKS, N. M.,  
Nov. 3d 1879.

Editor GAZETTE:

Knowing that you will naturally take an interest in any section of New Mexico which draws its supplies from Las Vegas, I will give you some items regarding this rich country.

There seems to be sixteen or seventeen miles of a mineral belt, covered with leads of quartz bearing gold, silver, copper and iron and in nearly all of them a pick has never yet been struck. It is almost too wonderful to be true, but during last summer a handful of miners, some four or five, who were placer mining in Baxter Gulch, concluded that the Gulch being so rich, the gold must come from some where and commenced looking around and within one mile soon discovered some 25 or 30 quartz leads, four or five of which showed free gold. They cut off specimens and all showed mineral varying from \$300 to \$1000 per ton.

First in order comes the "Homestead," the history of which is a little peculiar, a regular mining tramp came along and stating to one of the boys that he knew something of mining, and had visited all the good camps in the west, he was staked with what they call a "Grub Stake" and started out to see what he could find. In less than 300 yards from the camp he found the "Homestead" lead, which is from 3 to 4 feet wide, brought down some of the rock, pounded it up and washed it out showing it was remarkably rich, though no gold was visible. The boys all rushed off to the place and after trying the rock found it was a true bill, and one of them immediately bought out the tramp for some forty odd dollars and he went on his way rejoicing back to Vegas to spend the money. Two recent assays from this mine show, one \$78.00 per ton, the other 51 oz. or over \$1000. It is owned by John Wilson and Jack Winters. After they get done building a house to make themselves comfortable for the winter, they say they are going to sink shafts and open the mine.

Such an independent set of miners you never saw. They have rockers and haul the water three miles, at 50 cts. a barrel, and yet the ground is so rich that 2 or 3 hours per day will give them half an ounce or \$8.50, for they sell it at \$17.00. They have a sure bank to draw on and are not afraid of the bank's breaking.

The next mine in order in this new region, is the "Little Mac," which was discovered in August last by an old miner, named Livingstone, who found free wire gold in some float and traced it to the lead. I have not seen a piece of this ore in which free gold could not be seen by the naked eye and I suppose I have looked over a ton of it. It has never been assayed, but it does not need it, pan assays showing from \$400 to \$2000 per ton. Some of the specimens are very fine with wires of gold three or four inches long and some assumes other beautiful shapes as rosebuds, wicker-work &c. Around and between these are many leads, some 10 to 15 feet wide, but no shaft has been sunk yet or anything done. Assays of some few have showed \$15 per ton.

The next in importance I consider the "Captain Kidd," which is an immense lead of iron and copper 14 feet wide and cropping out for more than two miles and located by Watts and Allen. A fair specimen of this was recently sent to your National Bank. No assays have been made from it, but an acid test shows gold and copper in paying quantities.

There are many others which have received names but are not opened. Such are the "Miguel Otero," "White Swan," "Carbonate No. 1 & 2," "Starr," "Nonpareil," "Discovery," "Conglomerate," "Deer valley" &c. Now mind you that these are all in a space of a mile or so square out of those 15 miles.

If this is not what you would call a "Prospector's Paradise," I don't know what one is. Any one, even tender-foot can come and find a good mine they are so plenty. We have also good weather and plenty of wood, and water. New mines are being found every day but they don't go far to find them.

If this should prove of interest, I will write you again.

SHORTHORN.

### The Latest Boom.

The merging of the Banking House of Messrs. Reynolds Brothers into the First National Bank of Las Vegas is advertised in our issue this morning. The very high standing of the old House in financial circles throughout the west has always given great confidence and we are pleased to know that the control of the First National Bank is held by its President, Jefferson Reynolds, who with his family will remain permanently in this city. Geo. J. Dinkel who had charge of the old business in the absence of Mr. Reynolds will occupy the position of cashier to the First National Bank his many good qualities fitting him for this position are fully known and appreciated here. Mr. Vincent Wallace late of the Metropolitan National Bank N. Y. City occupies the position of teller under the new, as he did under the old management Mr. J. S. Pishon late of Boston Mass. has charge of the Book keeping department and has won many friends during his stay in this city, we see in the management of this Bank an institution that will grow into permanence second to none in the west.

The velociped craze is spreading and is taking the shape of bicycle races.

A Denver man has a shingle which Lincoln nailed on his own house in Springfield.

A French banker taking pattern after his American brethren and has ditched his bank for several millions francs.

Our old friends, the Apache's have gone glimmering, like things that were, from the Cimarron and Vermejo into Old Mexico.

Since the first of January 23,993 German emigrants have landed at Castle Garden, against 18,119 during the corresponding period of last year.

An explosion occurred in a candy factory at Kansas City last Friday by which seven children employed there were killed. Powdered starch caused the explosion.

Gen. Grant has declined to attend the meeting of the Army of the Cumberland which occurs next week when a statue of Gen. Geo. H. Thomas will be unveiled.

Travelers suggest that there should be an eating house at the depot at Trinidad as the south bound train arrives there late in the evening and passengers would like some sustenance before they get to Otero.

It is a dry stretch between La Junta Colorado and Trinidad, last Saturday, the big engine, Uncle Dick, gave out on the route for lack of water it was bringing an immense load sixteen cars of railroad iron and fourteen of freight being attached when it ran out of water and had to leave the iron at Thatcher station.

A correspondent at Paris says Prince Jerome Napoleon seems to have abandoned his expectant role, and to be decidedly taking the lead of his competitors for Presidency of the Empire. He has surrounded himself with a complete diplomatic household including Brunet, an ex-navy captain who accompanied Princess Clotilde when she left France on the fall of the Empire as Secretary.

Theodore Rutenbeck, the Jeweler, in his new quarters in the Rosenwald block, makes a very fine display of the latest patterns of jewelry and fine watches. Every body go there and buy holiday presents for your gals, i.e., wives and your postscript, "Thee will treat you right."

## THE CHURCH TRIUMPHANT.

### The New Episcopal Church Building Opened by Bishop Spaulding last Sunday.

Last Sunday will be a marked day in the history of this city and of the territory as on that day was the first Episcopal church opened in the territory by a bishop assisted by the priests of that church. It marks a new era here as at no previous time could such a house have been erected by local effort, nor could a congregation have been assembled to fill the building after it was erected.

The building occupies a pleasant site on the eastern slope of cemetery hill and would look well anywhere. It is of adobe with a shingle roof with the door in the south end and three large windows on a side. As yet it is unfinished on the inside, the wind which swept through the cracks Sunday adding force to the arguments for its early completion. The house is 21x50 feet and was well filled Sunday, the congregation being one which would have done credit to any church anywhere including as it did many of the leading business men of the town, and their families.

The services were appropriate to the occasion. The opening services including the reading of Psalms LXXXIV, CXXII and CXXXII, and the Rev. La Tourrette read the prayer of Solomon on the dedication of the Temple as found in the seventh chapter of Kings.

The Rev. H. Forrester in a few appropriate words expressed his pleasure in being able to welcome the congregation to the house which he hoped would prove a bond of Union between the two towns. He then read a report of all receipts and expenditures connected with the building and at the close expressed his great pleasure in giving to the church this house clear of debt for he felt that it was an abomination for a church to make promises which it could not or would not perform.

The Bishop delivered the opening sermon which for its consistency, precision of statement, and its closeness of argument was a model of pulpit eloquence. It did not deal with the peculiar doctrines of the church, but was rather an explanation of the uses of the building and an exhortation to members to gather themselves together. He said the house was not consecrated, or even dedicated as in time it might be devoted to other purposes and another house built for worship. He spoke of the tendency in even church member on coming to the west away from the restraints of home to gradually become accustomed to things they would never think of there and the man who would scarcely read a secular paper could after being here a short time, follow their usual pursuits on the Lord's day, and could become accustomed to stay away from services. He exhorted them to assemble regularly for the purpose of returning thanks to God for favors temporal and spiritual and to cultivate in their minds a proper devotional spirit.

The priests of the church are not called preachers, as preaching is but a small part of their labors, but ministers as it is their duty to minister to their people.

The sermon was delivered with earnestness quite unusual and was apparently extempore throughout as the Bishop scarcely referred to his notes at all, if he had any and his manner which was that of a man thoroughly possessed by his subject was rendered still more impressive by his commanding presence.

Throughout the services were quite imposing the presence of the three officiating ministers in their robes of office adding much to the effect.

The church will hereafter be called St. Paul's Episcopal Church of Las Vegas. The house not being provided with lamps for lighting up, the services which would have been held in the evening were held at 4 P. M.

No services will be held next Sunday; but the Rev. Forrester will return from Santa Fe the Sunday following and the services, from that time on, will be held regularly.

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### St Paul's Episcopal Church.

Mr. Editor:

Please have the kindness to insert the following account of receipts and expenditures, on behalf of the St. Paul's Episcopal Church building, at Las Vegas, N. M., up to Nov. 8th 1879. A supplementary statement will be made later:

RECEIPTS.	
From Russell Sturgis, jr., Boston, Massachusetts,	\$100.00
Mrs. S. G. Wyman, Baltimore, Maryland,	50.00
Robert Treat Paine, jr. Boston, Mass.,	25.00
Appropriated by Bishop Spaulding, from funds collected in the East by Rev. H. Forrester, last year,	148.98
Charles Wheelock, Architect, (plan and superintendence)	45.00
O. L. Houghton,	25.00
Dr. A. Seessel, Mr. Towner, J. H. Mills, W. Scott Moore, R. G. Robinson, Mr. Bennett, Geo. Parker and Cash, ten dollars each,	80.00
Dr. J. V. Noel, E. W. Sebben, H. Friedman, J. D. Wolf, J. M. Wheelock, \$5 each,	25.00
Cooley and Mendenhall, Two dollars, cash one dollar,	3.00
R. J. Holmes, fifteen dollars, and through him: F. W. Castle, fifteen dollars, R. G. McDonald, ten dollars, Mr. Gardner, and Geo. E. Leach of Kansas City, five dollars each,	50.00
J. P. Sellar, and through him: M. A. Otero, L. P. Browne, and F. A. Manzanares, twenty-five dollars each,	75.00
F. Chapman, twenty dollars, C. E. Wesche and E. Strasburg fifteen dollars each,	50.00
J. Gross, A. O. Robbins, M. Brunswick, Chas. Hfield, J. Rosenwald & Co., F. E. Herbert, Romero, Bros. & Son, C. Blanchard, Ward and Tamme, H. C. Blythe, H. M. Hosick, of Chicago, and Jaffa Bros. ten dollars each,	120.00
B. B. McNair, C. C. Gise, N. Blackwell, C. O. Cole, J. S. Garcia, M. A. Otero, jr., F. A. Blake, W. Watson, H. V. Harris, H. W. Kelly, A. Rossier, P. J. Murphy, M. J. Walsh T. Parker, J. Bell, J. Leavitt, P. Holzman, R. E. Coleman, Geo. Moore, J. Schwing, F. E. Sage, A. Levy, A. Nelson, J. A. O'Neil, J. Graf & Co., G. W. Merrill, C. P. Hovey, L. M. Watson, P. Mulvaney, A. Menett, J. Hampton, A. M. James, Cash No. 1, and Cash No. 2 five dollars each,	170.00
Mr. Lewellyn, four dollars, B. Flersheim, and C. Rosenthal, three dollars each, E. Brick, two dollars,	12.00
Two persons in the East, thro' Bishop Spaulding,	7.00
Col. T. B. Mills, (insurance policy)	9.00
Total receipts,	\$1,098.34
EXPENDITURES.	
Lots, and recording deed,	\$102.00
Plan \$45. Stone Foundation \$123,	171.00
Adobes, \$65.34. Hauling and putting them in wall \$125.13	191.47
Lintels and window-blocks,	11.00
Roof \$220; doors and windows, \$111,	401.00
Joist and flooring, \$56.85. Labor and nails \$17.07	73.92
Chimney and pointing up under windows,	8.31
Paint and labor, \$85.69; steps, \$7.65,	\$93.34
Furniture, \$84.30. Insurance, \$9.00	48.30
Sundries—subscription books, cheque book, etc.,	3.00
Total expenditures,	\$1,098.34

Of the above amount seven hundred and sixty-seven dollars and forty-one cents was collected in Las Vegas, from persons of all sorts of religious views. This is very gratifying, as it indicates a widespread local

interest in the matter; for, be it understood, all contributions are the free-will offerings of the givers. No one has been importuned, but an opportunity has simply been given. The hearty thanks of the church are hereby tendered to all who, not being of it, have assisted in this work. I beg to say, too, that money is still needed to make the building comfortable for the winter, and that I shall be glad to receive any further contributions that any persons may be disposed to make. Offerings may be handed to Mr. J. P. Sellar, Mr. R. J. Holmes, or Mr. Charles Wheelock for me.

Very truly Yours,  
H. FORRESTER,  
Missionary in charge.  
Las Vegas, N. M., Nov. 10th, 1879.

The plaza in Las Vegas has a frame work supporting a disabled windmill which once pumped water out of a well in the center of the square and that frame work has an ominous sort of look, as of a quadruple combination gallows. This gallows like appearance was very strongly emphasized a few months ago by the hanging of two men who richly deserved it to the stout cross-beams of the structure. This episode which was the result of popular indignation and a distrust of the ultimate execution of justice through the courts has gained Las Vegas a greater notoriety than anything that ever occurred in the town and no doubt it has made an impression upon many that life is insecure in this region and the condition of things must be pretty bad that results in Lynch law. Theoretically we do not undertake to defend Lynch law. Theoretically the Vigilance Committee that in former days freed San Francisco from the dominion of roughs, plug uglies and murderers was not justified in taking the law into their own hands. Practically however the very professor of moral and political science who in their own studies could demonstrate their theories would join the vigilance committees and for just once under pressure of necessity adopt the speediest and most effective means of fighting certain flagrant wrongs. This Las Vegas hanging although not justified perhaps by absolute necessity was an occurrence which added considerably to the sense of security of life in the community and exercised a salutary influence upon the roughs and desperadoes of the neighborhood many of whom to use the vernacular of the country "lit out" immediately after the interesting occasion.

When an unprovoked murder is committed the wrong in hanging the murderer summarily, on the general verdict of the jury of the vicinage, is quite theoretical and rests very lightly upon the consciences of the executioners. We feel quite sure that murder in Las Vegas will not go unpunished as it often does in other parts of the country and that visitors strangers and newcomers need be under no apprehension as to their own safety in a community which has proved itself a very discouraging one for the cut-throat and desperado.—Eureka.

## Brookside Cottage!

This House has been newly remodeled throughout. Rooms well ventilated and cheerful. Everything connected with the establishment clean, comfortable and attractive.

## THE TABLE INVITING.

The patronage of the traveling public is invited.

JUDGE S. A. HUBBELL, Prop.,

Las Vegas, N. M.